THEN CHECK **ALL CHILDREN FOR ANAEMIA**

LOOK:

- Look for palmar pallor. Is there:
  - -Severe palmar pallor?
  - -Some palmar pallor?
- If any pallor, check haemoglobin (Hb) level

NOTE:

- DO NOT give Iron if the child is receiving RUTF. Small amounts are available in RUTF
- Iron is extremely toxic in overdose, particularly in children
- All medication should be stored out of reach of children

CLASSIFY ALL CHILDREN FOR ANAEMIA

• Severe palmar pallor **OR** • HB < 7g/dl	**SEVERE ANAEMIA**	• **Refer URGENTLY**
• Some palmar pallor • OR • Hb 7 g/dl up to 11 g/dl	**ANAEMIA**	• Give iron (p. 41) and counsel on iron-rich foods • Assess feeding and counsel regarding any feeding problems (p. 17 - 23) • Treat for worms if due (p. 34) • Advise caregiver when to return immediately (p. 45) • Follow-up in 14 days (p. 48)
• No pallor.	**NO ANAEMIA**	• If child is less than 2 years, assess feeding and counsel (p. 17 - 20)